CHET/CONTROL V.S. COVICTALS CALL

WeL -26547

K '

## ORMATION REPORT

REPORT NO. \$0 90261\*

CD NO.

COUNTRY

Ī

Syria/Leryt/Tunisia

DATE DISTR.

14 June 1952

SUBJECT

Current Events in the Arab World

NO. OF PAGES 1

DATE OF INFO.

RY CABLE

NO. OF ENCLS.

PLACE ACQUIRED

England, London

SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

		GRADING (		•		COLLECTOR'S PRELIMINARY GRADING OF CONTENT							
COMPLETELY RELIABLE		PARLY	MANUAL E	HOT RELIABLE	CARNOT SE JUDGED		PROBABLY THUE	POSSIBLY TRUE	COUSTFUL	PROBABLY FALSE	Woods Owney		
A.	0.	Q.	θ.	€	7.	l.	2.	3. X	4.	l.	¢.		

OF THE MITTER ATATEL, BITOIR THE MENING OF TITLE IS, METICAL THE 100 774, OF TOE Q.S. COOC, AS AME LATION OF ITS CONTENTS TO OR RECEIPT OF AS WANTED LICE PERSON TO 101617CD 07 LAG.

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

# SOURCE

Through a reliable channel from the sources listed below.

THE FOLLOWING REPORT WAS PREVIOUSLY DISTRIBUTED AS " CIA PRELIMINARY PD-592 CO DISSEMINATION NUMBERED

- A regular Jordanian source learned from two Palestinian adherents of Hajj Amin al-Eusayni, ex-Grand Mufti of Jerusalem, that the attack on the USIS center in Despaces on 28 March 1952 was the first of a series of attacks which are plasmed against British and United States' missions and property in the Arab States.
- 2. Another Mufti supporter stated that Palestinian Arabs and Communists in various Arab capitals were working together as common enomies of British and Americans . Such collaboration is advantageous as the Communists are prepared to help financially.
- 3. A well-placed Egyptian official who enjoys the confidence of King Paruq reported that Egyptian Prime Minister Hilali Pashs has lost hope of reaching an agreement with Britain without American intervention. Source states tht Hilali is relying on the strong pressure which, despite denials, he believes that Acheson will exert on the British.
- 4. An Egyptian journalist with excellent contacts in various Government departments reported that King Faruq has impressed upon Hilali Pasha the vital importance which the former attaches to the success of Egyptian talks with the Sudanese al-Mahdi delagation. If the Sudanese are villingto accept unity under a common erosm, they are to be assured self-government of any type they choose and abolition of the Ward Party decrees of Movember 1951 laying down a constitution for the Sudan.
- 5. An established source reported that former Tunisian Minister of Justice Salah Bin Tussef in an interview on 7, May 1952 with Egyptian Prime Minister Hilali Pashs, obtained the promise of Egypt's full support of Tunisis in her dispute with France. "11

**CLASSIFICATION** 

SECRET/CONTROL U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

1	STATE BY	4	WAYY	X	8580		1011	TRE	BUT I OU			1		$T^{-}$
	ARMY	×	AIR	77	701	T						T	Ī —	T

Aug	A050	×	876	$T_{-}$	101		Ï	01878	8VT 100		679		٦٢-	7]	x C .1-29.9
	1010		179		790	3	790	2	Commo		_	<b>-</b> L	يا إ		x 111-1068
EG	TA	X	<b>799</b>		224		702		700		`}.		<u> </u>	78	X MRT-562-1
200	870		798		7		768		940	$\perp$			ĭ,		X NEL-MOSTA
															() 255438

ENCY 3028 E ACT RELEASED XEMPTION S ENCE CENTRAL INTELLIGE BOURCESMETHODSEXEI NAZIWAR CRIMESOIS NAZ I WAR

8